NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY STANDARDS FOR MUNICIPAL AND LIQUID INDUSTRIAL EFFLUENTS (mg/l, UNLESS OTHERWISE DEFINED)

| S. No | Parameter | Existing Standards | Revised Standards | | |
|----------|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| | | | Into Inland Waters | Into Sewage Treatment | Into Sea () |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 1 | Temperature or Temperature Increase * | 40°C | =<3°C | =<3°C | =<3°C |
| 2 | pH value | 6 - 10 | 6 - 9 | 6 - 9 | 6 - 9 |
| 3 | Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) $_5$ at 20°C (¹) | 80 | 80 | 250 | 80** |
| 4 | Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)(1) | 150 | 150 | 400 | 400 |
| 5 | Total suspended solids (TSS) | 150 | 200 | 400 | 200 |
| 6 | Total dissolved solids (TDS) | 3500 | 3500 | 3500 | 3500 |
| 7 | Grease and oil | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| 8 | Phenolic compounds (as phenol) | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| 9 | Chloride (as Cl') | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | SC*** |
| 10 | Fluoride (as F') | 20 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| 11 | Cyanide (as CN') total | 2 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 12 | An-ionic detergents (as MBAs) (') | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 13 | Sulphate (SO") | 600 | 600 | 1000 | SC*** |
| 14 | Sulphide (S') | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 15 | Ammonia (NH) | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| 16 | Pesticides (³) | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.15 |
| 17 | Cadmium (⁴) | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| 18 | Chromium (trivalent and hexavalent)(1) | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 19 | Copper (⁴) | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 20 | Lead (⁴) | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| 21 | Mercury (⁴) | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 22 | Selenium (⁴) | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| 23 | Nickel (⁴) | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 24 | Silver (⁴) | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |

| 25 | Total Toxic metals | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
|----|--------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 26 | Zinc | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 |
| 27 | Arsenic (⁴) | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 28 | Barium (⁴) | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| 29 | Iron | 2.0 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 8.0 |
| 30 | Manganese | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| 31 | Boron (⁴) | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 |
| 32 | Chlorine | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |

Explanations:

- 1. Assuming minimum dilution 1:10 on discharge, lower ratio would attract progressively stringent standards to be determined by the Federal Environmental Protection Agency. By 1:10 dilution means, for example that for each one cubic meter of treated effluent, the recipient water body should have 10 cubic meter of water for dilution of this effluent.
- 2. Modified Benzene Alkyl Sulphate; assuming surfacetant as biodegradable.
- 3. Pesticides include herbicides, fungicides and insecticides.
- 4. Subject to total toxic metals discharge should not exceed level given at S. No. 25.
- 5. Applicable only when and where sewage treatment is operational and BOD=80 mg/l is achieved by the sewage treatment system.
- 6. Provided discharge is not at shore and not within 10 miles of mangrove or other important estuaries.
- * The effluent should not result in temperature increase of more than 3°C at the edge of the zone where initial mixing and dilution take place in the receiving body. In case zone is not defined, use 100 meters from the point of discharge.
- ** The value for industry is 200 mg / l.
- *** Discharge concentration at or below sea concentration (SC).
- Note:- 1. Dilution of liquied effluents to bring them to the NEQS limiting value is not permissible through fresh water mixing with the effluent before discharging into the environment.
 - 2. The concentration of pollutants in water being used will be subtracted from the effluent for calculating the NEQS limits.